

2025 Door County Fair Board

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Rules and Regulations

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND DEFINITIONS

ATCP 160.01 Definitions. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Breed class" and "breeding class" mean a specific breed within a class such as holstein in the dairy class.
 - (2) "Class" means a grouping in which exhibits may be entered, including an animal breed or age group for animal exhibits; a type of produce, crop or food; or a specific age, age group or educational grade level of exhibitor.
 - (2m) "Conference judging" means a judging system using a discussion about each exhibit with the entire group.
 - (3) "Danish judging system" means a judging system that allows for multiple first, second, third and fourth class selections as provided in s. [ATCP 160.91 \(4\) \(b\)](#).
 - (4) "Department" as it relates to the organizational structure of a fair, means an animal species, production group, or other principal classification of exhibits. As used in any other context, "department" means the state of Wisconsin department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.
 - (5) "Division" means one of 3 exhibitor group classifications for a fair and is limited to junior division, open division and senior citizens division.
 - (6) "Entry class" means a class in which the fair allows exhibitors to submit entries.
 - (7) "Exotic domestic animal" means an animal that is not a common farm animal.
 - (7e) "Face-to-face judging" means a judging system using a semiprivate discussion between the judge and the exhibitor with the following phases:
 - (a) Get acquainted.
 - (b) Learn the background of the exhibit.
 - (c) Self-evaluation.
 - (d) Evaluator comment.
 - (e) Parting.
 - (7m) "Fair" means a county or district fair eligible to receive state aid under s. [93.23 \(1\) \(b\)](#) or [\(c\)](#), Stats.
 - (7s) "Fair board" means the governing entity of a fair.
 - (8) "Lot" or "lot number" means the numerical designation assigned by a fair for a specific category of exhibits within a class.
 - (9) "Market class" means a class that includes animals of a certain weight for the species that can be sold for slaughter.
 - (10) "Premium" means a monetary prize that a fair awards to an exhibitor after judging all competing exhibits in the class to which the premium pertains.
 - (11) "Regular judging system" means a judging system that allows for one first, second, third and fourth class selection as provided in s. [ATCP 160.91 \(4\) \(c\)](#).
 - (12) "Self determined project" means a project that meets all of the following criteria:
 - (a) It is approved by the fair board.
 - (b) Its subject matter is related to any of the junior fair departments 9, 10, 13 to 16, 18, or 20 to 29.
 - (c) It does not fall into a defined entry class within any department.
 - (d) It is carried out by a member of a youth organization.
 - (13) "Youth organization" means an organization under adult leadership that has educational programming.
- History:** Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; cr. (5), [Register, July, 1995, No. 475](#), eff. 8-1-95; [CR 11-037](#): renum. (1) to (5) to be (2), (4), (5), (8), (10), cr. (1), (3), (6), (7), (9), (11), (12) [Register April 2012 No. 676](#), eff. 5-1-12; [CR 21-093](#): cr. (2m), (7e), (7m), (7s), am. (8) to (10), (12) (d), cr. (13) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22.

ATCP 160.02 Premium requirements.

- (1) General.
 - (a) The state aid authorized by s. [93.23 \(1\)](#), Stats., may be paid on net premiums paid by a fair. The department may withhold state premium aid from any fair that does not enforce animal health provisions under ch. [ATCP 10](#) that are applicable to animals exhibited at the fair. State aid will be paid only on premiums actually paid by bank check or draft.
 - (b) No deductions may be made from premium money won by an exhibitor. Premiums may, however, be withheld where exhibition rules established by the fair association are violated. A written statement of violation shall be submitted to the department to justify actions taken by a fair.
 - (c) Premiums offered shall be definite in amount. No decrease or increase in published premiums may be made because of the financial condition of the organization or for any other reason.
 - (e) No fair may receive state aid for a premium awarded to any exhibitor in the open division if that exhibitor entered the same

exhibit in the junior division at the same fair. This paragraph does not apply if the exhibit was entered in the junior division only as part of a herd group, carcass class or performance class.

(f) No state aid will be paid on the cost of ribbons, cups, trophy prizes or entertainment contests.

(2) Premium lists.

(a) Premiums for which state aid is requested by county and district fairs shall conform with the uniform premium list and other requirements set forth in these rules. Fairs requesting state aid for net premiums shall submit to the department a printed copy of the premium list used at the fair, as required under s. [ATCP 160.92 \(3\) \(c\)](#).

(b) The officers of each fair shall mail a copy of the premium list to other associations, societies, or boards conducting a fair in Wisconsin upon request.

(c) Sections [ATCP 160.01](#) through [160.07](#) and [160.91](#) shall be published in premium books used by a fair for which state aid is requested.

(3) Entry fees.

(a) A fair may charge an exhibitor an entry fee or charge stall rents for animals, or both.

(b) Exhibitors in department 35 shall not be required to purchase an exhibitor's ticket. Any other exhibitor may be required, if no entry fee is charged, to purchase an exhibitor's season ticket at a price not to exceed that charged for a non-exhibitor's season ticket.

(4) Split fair dates.

(a) For purposes of this subsection, "split fair dates" occur when a fair organization judges exhibits or contests and pays premiums at more than one time or at more than one location during the calendar year.

(b) Except as provided under par. (c), the department may not pay state aid for a fair having split dates unless the department gives advance written approval for a split fair. The department may approve split dates based on hardship.

(c) The department may pay state aid for the following exhibits or contests in a fair having split dates with advance notification to the department:

1. Clothing revue.

2. Demonstrations.

3. Favorite foods revue.

4. Dogs.

4m. Cats.

5. Small animals.

6. Rocketry.

7. Shooting sports.

7m. Mechanical projects.

8. Other exhibits and contests that are similar to those identified in subds. [1](#) to [7](#).

(d) If there are split dates under par. (b) or (c), all blue ribbon winners shall repeat their demonstrations or exhibits at the regular fair dates unless the department grants a hardship exemption. An exhibitor may use audio-visual media, still photography or an educational display to repeat a demonstration or exhibit.

History: Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; r. and recr. (1) (e) and am. (3) (a), [Register, July, 1995, No. 475](#), eff. 8-1-95; r. and recr. (4), [Register, November, 2000, No. 539](#), eff. 12-1-00; correction in (2) (a) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., [Register, November, 2000, No. 539](#); CR 08-075: am. (1) (a) [Register April 2009 No. 640](#), eff. 5-1-09; CR 11-037: am. (1) (a), (3) (a), (b), cr. (4) (c) 8. [Register April 2012 No. 676](#), eff. 5-1-12; CR 21-093: am. (1) (a), (b), renum. (1) (d) to ATCP 160.05 (3), am. (1) (e), (3) (a), (4) (b), (c) (intro.), cr. (4) (c) 4m., 7m., (4) (d) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22.

ATCP 160.03 Exhibition requirements. A fair shall meet all of the exhibition requirements of this section to be eligible for state premium aid.

(1) No fair society or other organization sponsoring a fair may require an exhibitor to become a member of the organization in order to enter an exhibit at the fair, nor may the sponsoring organization make any deduction from an exhibitor's premium as a donation to the fair society, or require an exhibitor in any other way to make a donation to the society.

(2) State aid may not be approved for out-of-state exhibits or for separate classes of local and non-local exhibitors. Aid may not be approved for payment of premiums to an exhibitor having an out-of-state address but claiming Wisconsin residency unless the fair secretary provides the department with an affidavit that the exhibitor's residence is geographically located within the state.

(3) State aid may be paid only on articles or animals actually on display in an exhibit building or actually shown in the show ring on regular fair dates unless approval for split fair dates is obtained under s. [ATCP 160.02 \(4\)](#). State aid may not be paid on Dairy Herd Improvement Association records, transportation aid, production contests or other special educational exhibits unless prior approval is obtained under s. [ATCP 160.49 \(7\)](#).

(4) State aid may not be paid on exhibits removed from the fairgrounds before 4 p.m. on the last day of the fair, or such other later time as may be specified by the fair, without prior approval of the department. Authority for earlier removal may be granted by the department in case of meat animal sales or other special classes, if requested before the beginning of the fair. In other hardship cases, approval may be granted by the fair. Exhibits in dog obedience and small animal pet classes may be judged during the regular fair but are not required to remain present during the entire fair. The fair may prescribe the length of time junior fair exhibitors of horses shall keep their animal on the ground.

History: Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; CR 21-093: am. (intro.), (1), (4) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22; correction in (3) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 7., Stats., [Register September 2022 No. 801](#).

ATCP 160.05 Open division; general requirements.

(1) The total maximum premiums set forth for all places in any open division livestock class, excluding poultry and rabbits, may be divided into multiple premiums for a greater number of places, but the maximum premium offered for any additional place shall not be higher than the maximum for the last place in the class.

(2) All animals in any open division class shall be owned by the exhibitor, except as provided in s. [ATCP 160.09](#).

(3) State aid may be paid on no more than 2 premiums awarded an exhibitor under one premium or lot number in open division individual livestock classes, except poultry and rabbits, and no more than one premium in all other classes, including poultry and rabbits.

(5) The fair board may establish specific classes by professional and amateur level groupings within classes for open class departments 14 to 28.

History: Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; CR 11-037: r. (2), renum. (3) to be (2) [Register April 2012 No. 676](#), eff. 5-1-12; CR 21-093: am. (1), renum. (3) from ATCP 160.02 (1) (d), cr. (4), (5) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22; CR 24-072: r. (4) [Register February 2025 No. 830](#), eff. 3-1-25.

ATCP 160.07 Classes; general requirements.

(1) Classes may be combined if the number of entries in several single classes is insufficient. If any classes are combined, state

aid shall be limited to the maximum total premiums listed for a single class of animals, items or articles in that department.

(2)

(a) Except as provided under par. (b), no fair may receive state aid for premiums awarded for sexually intact male dairy cattle, beef cattle, sheep, goats, swine or horses unless those animals are registered. Registered status shall be documented by a certificate of registry from the appropriate breed association or society, or by a copy of the application for registration.

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to dairy cattle exhibited at a fair if a national breed association certifies that those dairy cattle are recorded in that breed association's qualified herd book which records the genealogy of that breed.

(3) Any animal entered as part of a group class may also be exhibited in a class for individual animals.

(4) Boars may not be entered as an exhibit in the swine department unless their tusks have been removed.

(5) The age of an animal, for purposes of determining its entry class under this chapter, shall be determined as of the opening day of the fair.

History: Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; renum. and am. (2) to be (2) (a) and cr. (2) (b), [Register, July, 1995, No. 475](#), eff. 8-1-95; [CR 11-037](#): cr. (5) [Register April 2012 No. 676](#), eff. 5-1-12; [CR 21-093](#): am. (2) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22.

ATCP 160.08 Class definitions; individual classes.

(1) Dairy cattle.

(a) A spring calf is one born on or after March 1 of the exhibit year.

(b) A winter calf is one whose date of birth is between December 1 of the year preceding the exhibit year and February 28 or 29 of the exhibit year.

(c) A fall calf is one whose date of birth is between September 1 and November 30 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(d) A summer yearling is one whose date of birth is between June 1 and August 31 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(e) A spring yearling is one whose date of birth is between March 1 and May 31 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(f) A winter yearling is one whose date of birth is between December 1 of the second year preceding the exhibit year and February 28 or 29 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(g) A fall yearling is one whose date of birth is between September 1 and November 30 of the second year preceding the exhibit year.

(h) A 2 year-old is one born between September 1 of the third year preceding the exhibit year and August 31 of the second year preceding the exhibit year. A 2-year-old includes a yearling that has freshened.

(i) A 3 year-old is one whose date of birth is between September 1 of the fourth year preceding the exhibit year and August 31 of the third year preceding the exhibit year.

(j) A 4 year-old is one whose date of birth is between September 1 of the fifth year preceding the exhibit year and August 31 of the fourth year preceding the exhibit year.

(2) Beef cattle.

(a) A junior calf is one born on or after January 1 of the exhibit year. The calf shall be at least 4 months old at the time of exhibit.

(b) A senior calf is one whose date of birth is between September 1 and December 31 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(c) A summer yearling is one whose date of birth is between May 1 and August 31 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(d) A junior yearling is one whose date of birth is between January 1 and April 30 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(e) A senior yearling is one whose date of birth is between September 1 and December 31 of the second year preceding the exhibit year.

(f) A 2 year-old or older cow is one born before September 1 of the second year preceding the exhibit year and which has calved during the past year.

(4) Swine.

(a) A junior yearling boar or sow is one born between January 1 and June 30 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(b) A senior boar or sow is one whose date of birth is between July 1 and December 31 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(c) A senior spring boar or sow pig is one whose date of birth is between January 1 and February 28 or 29 of the exhibit year. A fair board may subdivide this entry class into January-born and February-born sows or boars.

(d) A junior spring boar or sow pig is one born during the month of March of the exhibit year.

(5) Sheep.

(a) A spring lamb is one born on or after February 16 of the exhibit year.

(b) A fall lamb is one born between September 1 and December 31 of the year preceding the exhibit year.

(c) A winter lamb is one born between January 1 and February 15 of the exhibit year.

(d) A yearling ram or ewe is one born outside the date of birth limitations in pars. (a) through (c). The age of yearlings may be subject to verification by a veterinarian's examination whose findings shall be final.

History: Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; am. (1) (h), (4) (a) and (5) (a), (b) and (c), [Register, July, 1995, No. 475](#), eff. 8-1-95; correction in (6) (Intro.) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., [Register, November, 1999, No. 527](#); [CR 11-037](#): r. (3), (5) (e), (6) [Register April 2012 No. 676](#), eff. 5-1-12; [CR 21-093](#): am. (4) (c) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22.

ATCP 160.09 Class definitions; group classes.

(1) Dairy and beef cattle.

(a) A dairy junior get of sire shall consist of 3 animals which are the offspring of the same bull. All of these animals shall be under 2 years of age, and not more than one may be a bull. A beef junior get of sire shall consist of 3 animals which are the offspring of the same bull and are animals in the junior calf, senior calf, or the summer yearling, bull and heifer classes, with both sexes to be represented.

(b) A dairy and beef senior get of sire shall consist of 3 animals which are the offspring of one sire. All of these animals shall be 2 years of age or over. In either a dairy or beef breed get of sire, the name of the sire shall be designated by the exhibitor. The animals need not be owned by a single exhibitor.

(c) A produce of dam shall consist of 2 animals of any age or sex which are the produce of one cow.

(d) A group of 3 best female cattle shall consist of 3 animals of any age which were bred and are owned by the exhibitor.

(2) Swine. A pen of 3 feeder pigs shall consist of swine of either sex each weighing between 40 and 60 pounds. Any male pigs included in the pen shall be castrated and healed.

(3) Sheep.

(a) A get of sire shall consist of 4 lambs or yearlings, or both, of either sex, from one sire, which were bred and are owned by the exhibitor.

(b) An exhibitor's flock shall consist of one yearling or ram lamb, 2 yearling ewes and 2 ewe lambs which are owned by the exhibitor.

(c) A junior division pair of lambs may include a spring or fall ram and spring or fall ewe lamb owned by the exhibitor.

(d) A junior division flock shall be comprised of 3 sheep consisting of a yearling or lamb ram, a ewe lamb, and a yearling ewe, all of which are owned by the exhibitor.

History: Cr. [Register, November, 1990, No. 419](#), eff. 12-1-90; [CR 11-037](#): r. (4) [Register April 2012 No. 676](#), eff. 5-1-12; [CR 21-093](#): am. (1) (a) [Register September 2022 No. 801](#), eff. 10-1-22.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT FAIRS ANIMAL HEALTH REQUIREMENTS

A full list of Animal Health Rules can be found at www.doorcountyfair.com → Exhibitors → Animals → Animal Health Rules
Full List

Exhibitors at County and District Fairs are required to comply with all of the statutory and regulatory provisions of the State of Wisconsin relating to animal health. **All exhibitors must comply with the provisions set forth below.**

General requirements for event organizers

All fairs or exhibitions of any length must obtain, review, and keep for five years all required records and test results:

- Exhibitor's name and address
- Animal identification (number, type, description, and, when required, official identification (see requirements for different animals below))
- Documents showing compliance with disease testing and other health requirements
- Livestock premises number, if any, where animals originated
- Documentation showing legal importation to the event (if applicable) and, when required, movement to the event (see requirements for different animals below)
- For swine, a record of any swine transported directly to a slaughtering establishment
- For swine, a record of any swine transported to an animal market where all animals sold at the market sale for that day were shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment

Fairs or exhibitions lasting more than 24 hours must appoint a licensed veterinarian to inspect all animals daily.

Note: Except in specific circumstances, if an animal already bears an official 840 eartag, that eartag must not be removed and additional official eartags must not be applied. Instead, the existing eartag must be read and recorded when a record of that animal is required. (Ref. s. ATCP 10.045, Wis. Admin. Code)

These regulations apply to all fairs and exhibitions, including additional events (like rodeos, shows, or other organized events) that occur in conjunction with the fair.

Diseases

Lactating Dairy Cattle:

Effective April 29, 2024 and June 19, 2024 respectively, all lactating dairy cattle moved interstate and lactating dairy cattle moved to fairs, shows, and exhibitions in Wisconsin are required to have a negative influenza A test from a milk sample collected within 7 days of movement.

For more information see: DATCP Home Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (H5N1) in Dairy Cattle (wi.gov)

Animals that show evidence of having contagious or infectious diseases may not be commingled (or housed/kept) with other animals at a fair, show, or other exhibition in such a way as to allow disease to spread. Such animals should not attend the fair, show, or exhibition. Animals may be denied entry if they arrive at these events with contagious or infectious diseases, isolated and/or removed if they develop disease after arriving, or be subject to other action as would be necessary to control disease. (Ref. s. ATCP 10.08(1), Wis. Admin. Code)

Bovine animals with ringworm, mange, warts or scab will be removed from the fair or exhibition premises, unless the veterinarian in charge finds warts or ringworm lesions are incapable of transmitting disease.

JUNIOR FAIR EXHIBITS: Junior Fair Exhibits are subject to the same requirements as livestock at any other fair.

Cattle and Bison

Cattle and bison FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN: Effective June 19, 2024, all lactating dairy cattle are required to have a negative Influenza A test on milk samples collected within 7 days prior to movement to a fair or exhibition. Official ID is required for influenza testing.

Cattle and bison FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s. ATCP 10.22, Wis. Admin. Code) must:

- Be accompanied by certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) a documenting official animal identification (ID) and all required tests and certifications
- Have official individual ID (including steers)^b
- Meet all of Wisconsin's normal requirements for import (see below and https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CattleBison.aspx)

Acceptable official IDs for cattle and bison

- 15-digit "840" RFID tags
- Valid only if applied before November 5, 2024:
- Visual only 15 digit "840" tags

- USDA metal ear tag number that starts with the state 2 digit code and is followed by 3 letters and 4 numbers (e.g. 35ABC1234). This includes the orange brucellosis vaccination tag.
- Valid only if applied before March 11, 2015:
- Manufacturer-coded RFID tag - 15-digit number with the first three digits in 900s
- American ID tag – 8 to 12-digit number prefaced with “USA”

Influenza A requirements for lactating dairy cattle from outside Wisconsin

Effective April 29, 2024, all lactating dairy cattle are required to have a negative Influenza A test on milk samples collected within 7 days prior to interstate movement.

Brucellosis requirements for cattle and bison from outside Wisconsin

No cattle are currently required to be brucellosis tested or vaccinated for fairs/shows in Wisconsin.

Tuberculosis (TB) requirements for cattle and bison from outside Wisconsin

All cattle from Texas and Michigan’s TB Free Zone (for cattle from Michigan’s Modified Accredited Zone see below), regardless of sex or age are required to have a negative TB test within 60 days prior to import. For details and requirements by state, see:

https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CattleBison.aspx

Cattle and bison from Michigan’s Modified Accredited Zone – Alcona, Alpena,

Montmorency, and Oscoda counties - (for cattle and bison from Michigan’s TB Free Zone, see requirements by state above) also need:

- Import permit
- To originate from a herd that has a negative whole-herd TB test within 12 months before arrival in Wisconsin that includes all animals 1 year and older
- Negative individual TB tests within 60 days before entering Wisconsin
- A statement indicating the animals will return directly to the state of origin after the show.

For information on obtaining an import permit:

- Online https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/AnimalMovementPermits.aspx
- Email DATCPanimalimports@wi.gov
- Call (608) 224-4874

Cattle and bison from Canada must meet current federal requirements to enter the United States and may have additional requirements to return to Canada. See aphis.usda.gov, choose “Trade”, Live Animal Import or Export as needed, and then species and country to find requirements. Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check

https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CattleBison.aspx

Swine

Note: These regulations apply to all swine, including pet pigs and racing pigs.

Note: Herd of origin means the herd in which the pigs currently reside, likely the exhibitor’s herd. When pigs are purchased from a herd, the herd from which they originate is the herd of origin for the seller. Once the purchased pigs are added into the buyer’s herd (even if the buyer’s herd only consists of one or just a few animals), the buyer’s herd becomes the new herd of origin and that herd must meet testing requirements to move pigs again.

Swine FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN (Ref. s. ATCP 10.32(2) and 10.87, Wis. Admin. Code) need a Wisconsin intrastate certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate):

- Stating that the entire herd of origin on the farm was inspected within 30 days before the show and no apparent disease was present at the time of inspection.
- **Non-terminal Exhibitions:** All swine must have a PRRS (Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome) and PEDv (Porcine Epidemic Diarrhea virus) test of the herd of origin within 90 days of the end of the exhibition. Include test date, type, and results on the CVI.
- **Terminal Exhibitions:** No testing requirements.

Note: Terminal Exhibitions are those at which all the swine go directly from the fair/show to the slaughtering establishment OR to a slaughter only market sale. Shows or exhibitions are either terminal or non-terminal. If all of the pigs at the event are not going directly to slaughter (including through a slaughter only market sale), it is considered a non-terminal exhibition. For non-terminal exhibitions, all the pigs at the show or exhibition will need to be tested prior to the event even if individual animals will go directly to slaughter. If going to a slaughter only market sale, contact the Division of Animal Health fair inspector for required information to collect.

Note: If the fair intends to use a load-out facility, contact the Division of Animal Health in advance to discuss requirements that must be met.

Swine FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s. ATCP 10.30 and 10.87, Wis. Admin. Code) need a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate)a that includes the following:

- The negative results of the PRRS testc from the swine’s herd of origin conducted within 90 days prior to movement into Wisconsin including test date, type, and results.
- The negative results of the PEDv testc from the swine’s herd of origin conducted within 90 days prior to movement into Wisconsin including test date, type, and results.
- A statement that the veterinarian has inspected the entire herd of origin within the past 30 days and that no clinical signs of PRRS and PEDv or any other apparent disease was present at the time of inspection.d
- Official individual identification (ID)b Acceptable methods of ID for swine are:b
 - USDA silver ear tag
 - USDA 840 ear tag, either visual or RFID
 - Breed association tattoo if the pig is a purebred and the tattoo is registered
 - An ear tag with the premises identification number and a unique identifier
 - Ear notch if the pig is a purebred and the notch is registered

Note: Microchips are not accepted as official ID for any swine including pet pigs.

Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information and for PRRS and PEDv testing options, check https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/SwineMovement.aspx

Sheep and Goats

Note: These rules do not apply to non-domestic sheep and goats. See Exotic Ruminants below.

Sheep and goats FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN need:

- If sexually intact, need official individual identification (ID)b at any age.
- If not sexually intact, need official individual IDb if they are 12 months or older.
- See below for Official ID options.
- Sheep and goats that go to a slaughter establishment after the fair should have an owner hauler statement to move from the fair to the slaughter establishment.

Sheep and goats FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.69, 10.76, Wis. Admin. Code) need:

- Certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate)a and official individual IDb for all animals.
- See below for Official ID options.
- See below for additional requirements for goats from Michigan’s Tuberculosis Modified Accredited Zone.
- Sheep and goats that go to a slaughter establishment after the fair should have an owner hauler statement to move from the fair to the slaughter establishment.

Official Identification includes:

- Scrapie eartags (including tags on neckstraps for animals with absent/injured ears or with official tattoos – see DATCP Website*)
- USDA 840 ear tags
- Legible breed tattoos (see DATCP Website* and NOTE below)
- Legible scrapie tattoos (see DATCP Website* and NOTE below)
- Approved microchips (Electronic Implantable Identification/EID) – There are many requirements that need to be met to use microchips including a requirement for accompanying tattoos. See DATCP Website* and NOTE below.
- NOTE: All sheep and goats that go through a market or to slaughter and require Official Identification must be eartagged with Official ID. Official ID in the form of a tattoo or Electronic Implantable Identification (EID) is no longer sufficient when moving through a market or going to slaughter.
- NOTE: If a Wisconsin origin animal is neutered, less than 12 months of age, and moving through a market after the fair, the market may require Official ID in the form of an ear tag.

- *For more information on official identification and for owner hauler statements see DATCP Website at https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/OfficialID.aspx

Goats from Michigan's Tuberculosis (TB) Modified Accredited Zone –Alcona, Alpena, Montmorency, Oscoda counties- also need:

- Import permit
- To originate from a herd that has a negative whole-herd TB test within 12 months before arrival in Wisconsin that includes all animals 1 year and older
- Negative individual TB tests within 60 days before entering Wisconsin
- A statement indicating the animals will return directly to the state of origin after the show.

For information on obtaining an import permit:

- Online https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/AnimalMovementPermits.aspx
- Email DATCPAnimalImports@wi.gov
- Call 608-224-4874

Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/SheepGoatMovement.aspx.

Equine

Equine animals FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN need documentation of a negative EIA (Coggins) test done within the previous 12 months, which clearly identifies the animal by complete description, digital photographs, or an approved microchip (if a reader is available). No test is needed for nursing foals accompanying negative dams. Documentation may be:

- Official test report VS 10-11, or
- USDA-approved electronic test form, or
- Global Vet Link EIA electronic form, or
- Certificate of veterinary inspection with the test results listed

Equine animals FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.36, Wis. Admin. Code) need:

- Certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) which clearly identifies the animal by complete description, digital photographs, or an approved microchip
- Negative EIA (Coggins) test done within previous 12 months that is reported on the CVI
- No EIA test is needed for nursing foals accompanying negative dams

Equines from Minnesota are exempt from the CVI requirement if:

- Ownership does not change while the animal is in Wisconsin
- The animal remains in Wisconsin no longer than 7 days
- Proof of a negative EIA (Coggins) test in previous 12 months accompanies the animal

Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/HorseOtherEquineMvmt.aspx

Poultry and Waterfowl (Pigeons are not considered poultry for fairs and shows)

Poultry and waterfowl FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN need ONE of the following:

- For eggs and birds of all ages, an NPIP certificate stating the flock of origin is a US pullorum-typhoid clean and for turkeys a Mycoplasma gallisepticum clean flock or NPIP affiliate flock or
- For eggs and birds of all ages, documentation the flock of origin is a Wisconsin Tested Flock and has tested negative for pullorum-typhoid and for turkeys Mycoplasma gallisepticum, c or
- For eggs and birds of all ages, documentation the flock of origin is a Wisconsin Associate Flock, or
- For sexually mature birds (turkeys over 6 months, all other birds over 4 months), individual tests within 90 days before arrival at the show. These birds also need wing or leg band identification (ID). All birds must test negative for pullorum-typhoid, and turkeys must test negative for Mycoplasma gallisepticum. After testing there can be no change of ownership or commingling with other birds that are not part of the flock except at other shows/fairs. Eggs and sexually immature birds are not eligible for individual testing and cannot be shown unless they originate from an enrolled NPIP, NPIP affiliate, Wisconsin Tested, or Wisconsin Associate flock.

Note: Flock of origin means the flock in which the birds currently reside, likely the exhibitor's flock. Once purchased birds are added to the buyer's flock, even if the buyer's flock only consists of one or just a few birds, the buyer's flock is the flock of origin and that flock must meet NPIP or WI Tested or Associate Flock status to avoid individual bird testing for shows/fairs.

Poultry and waterfowl FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.42, Wis. Admin. Code) need a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) or equivalent (such as form VS 9-3) specifically showing movement to the fair or show that states:

- For eggs and birds of all ages, they originate from a flock classified pullorum-typhoid clean and for turkeys *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* clean under NPIP or an equivalent program, or
- For sexually mature birds, they have tested negative for pullorum-typhoid (and *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* for turkeys) within 90 days before arrival at the show. These birds also need wing or leg band IDb. Eggs and sexually immature birds are not eligible for individual testing and cannot be shown unless they originate from an enrolled NPIP or equivalent program flock.

Not required:

- Import permit number

Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check

https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/PoultryMovement.aspx

Pullorum Testing and banding will take place at the Door County Fairgrounds after the July 21st registration deadline. A specific date will be set after registrations are complete. All those with poultry exhibits will be contacted with the date. Contact Poultry Superintendent Joe Dart with any questions at 219-869-3518 or Hilary Heard at secretary@doorcountyfair.com

Small Animals: Dogs, domestic cats and other household pets
(Ferrets, pet birds, rabbits, gerbils, guinea pigs, hamsters, domestic mice and rats)

Dogs from within Wisconsin that are 5 months or older need proof of current rabies vaccination.

Cats and other household pets from within Wisconsin have no requirements.

Dogs and cats from outside Wisconsin that are 5 months or older need to be vaccinated for rabies by a licensed veterinarian, and regardless of age, need certificates of veterinary inspection (CVIs or health certificates) stating the age of the animal and for animals 5 months and older the date of last rabies vaccination and revaccination due date.

Other household pets from outside Wisconsin need certificates of veterinary inspection (CVIs or health certificates), but have no testing or vaccination requirements.

Small animals from other nations need to meet requirements of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (608-662-0600) and Centers for Disease Control (1-800-232-4636). Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check

http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/PetMovement.aspx

Guidelines for Housing and Managing Animals

The State Veterinarian recommends that exhibitors:

- Vaccinate breeding cattle against bovine viral diarrhea (BVD) at least 30 days before the event
- Test cattle for BVD-PI by immunoperoxidase test, and bring them to shows only if they test negative
- Test cattle for John's disease test results by ELISA test, and bring them to shows only if they test negative
- Clean and disinfect vehicles used to transport animals to and from the show, and vehicles used at the show, before and after the show
- Isolate exhibited animals returning to their farms or animals purchased at the show for 21 days before mingling them with other stock
- Additional biosecurity recommendations can be found at: www.youtube.com/widatcp Go to Created playlists and View full playlist under Farm Biosecurity Practices

The State Veterinarian recommends that show organizers:

- House cattle separately from South American camelids and other exotic ruminants
- House cattle separately from small ruminants, especially sheep
- House ostriches, emus, rheas and cassowaries separately from domestic poultry
- House swine separately from any other mammals
- Include a space for the premises registration code on livestock entry forms
- Provide hand-washing stations near all livestock facilities
- Provide individual watering and feeding troughs rather than common ones

GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. The fair will be open for receiving entries Wednesday morning at 10am, ALL ANIMALS ARE NOT PERMITTED ON THE GROUNDS UNTIL NOON. Junior Fair non-animal entries MUST BE ON DISPLAY by 5:30 p.m. Wednesday. Animal entries must be on display by 6:00 p.m. Thursday. **All animals that require a weigh-in must be on the grounds to be weighed-in by Wednesday at 7:00pm.**
2. The secretary of the Association will lease grounds sufficiently large for refreshment stands, shows, etc., with payment of the rental price, to be paid upon demands of the Secretary.
3. No trucks or supply wagons hauling merchandise will be allowed on the grounds unless paying for the privilege (the price

- of a season ticket) for each person.
4. There will be no complimentary tickets issued for the Door County Fair.
 5. All Immoral shows and Gambling Schemes will be excluded from the grounds.
 6. The president and secretary will have immediate control and management of the grounds and privileges, subject to the control of the board. The Secretary will have full supervision of the entries.
 7. The superintendents of departments will assist with the exhibits in their department and provide guidance for their assistants and attendants therein.
 8. EXHIBITS MAY NOT BE REMOVED BEFORE 4:00 P.M. on the last day of the Fair, without prior permission from the Superintendent in charge. **EXHIBITS TO BE REMOVED FROM 4:00 TO 6:00 P.M. ON SUNDAY.**
 9. Premium list and information concerning the Fair can be obtained upon application to: Door County Extension Office, County Government Center, 421 Nebraska Street, Sturgeon Bay, by phone at 920-746-7126, or by email secretary@doorcountyfair.com
 10. All Jr. Fair entries are open to DOOR COUNTY RESIDENTS ONLY. JR Fair is open to students in grades K5-12 as of January 1st of the fair year.
 - 10.a. Open Class exhibitors must purchase an "Exhibitor Pass".
 11. Junior Fair non-animal entries MUST BE ON DISPLAY by 5:30 p.m. Wednesday. Animal entries must be on display by 6:00 p.m. Thursday.
 12. Articles entered in one class cannot be entered to compete in any other class except for sweepstakes or herd premiums - this includes transfers from Junior Fair to Open Class. It is not allowed.
 13. Entries must specify owner's name and post office address and in case of animals, the sex, age, breed and description.
 14. No animal or article can be entered in the name of someone other than the bonafide owner or owners and the violation of this rule will forfeit any premium that may be awarded to such exhibitors.
 15. The competition ages for livestock shall be found under Rules Governing Exhibits at the beginning of each Livestock Department.
 16. All purebred stock must be registered in American Registry if such has been established, and certificate of registry or evidence of pure breeding will in all cases be required before entering same.
 17. Persons entering purebred animals will be required to furnish name, registered number, and pedigree of the animal to the Superintendent in charge when the animal is exhibited.
 18. **No article or animal shall be removed before the close of the Fair without permission of the Superintendent for that department.** Any exhibitor removing exhibits from the grounds before 4:00 p.m. of the last day without first having obtained permission of the Superintendent to do so, shall forfeit any premiums that may have been awarded him or her.
 19. Exhibitors are requested to pay particular attention to their articles or animals on exhibition and at the close of the fair take charge of the same. The Directors will take every precaution for their safekeeping, but will not be held responsible for any damage or accident that may occur. Exhibitors will be held responsible for any damage or accident which may be caused by their entries.
 20. Any exhibitor or his agent who shall show any disrespect or use any disrespectful language to any judge while in the performance of his duty shall forfeit any awards that may have been made him and be barred from further exhibits at the show ring during the Fair.
 21. Should any premiums be found to have been obtained under false evidence or misrepresentation or violation of any rule, such money will be withheld.
 22. There shall be no selling of fair exhibits or the placing of "For Sale" signs, except for those sales authorized by the Fair Board.
 23. No dogs allowed on the grounds unless being exhibited or service dogs with appropriate documentation.

LIVESTOCK

Exhibitors of Livestock must be available to the Superintendent in charge at 8:00 a.m. each day for orders. They must also inform themselves when their stock will be judged. Stock must be in the show ring promptly after being called. Any person failing to comply with this order will be ruled out from competing. Entries must specify owner's name and post office address and name, age, sex and breed or description. No animal shall be entered in the name of any other than the bonafide owner or owners, and should any prove to be otherwise any premium awarded them shall be forfeited to the Association. All stallions two years old and over must be licensed as purebred by the State Department of Agriculture and the license certificate shown. No premiums shall be awarded to barren females in the breeding classes. All animal exhibits must be alive. No premiums will be paid unless awarded by the judges. Bring your own feed, hay and bedding. Exhibitors must have completed 3rd grade to exhibit and animal in Junior Fair.

BILLS & CLAIMS

Persons having bills or claims against the Door County Fair must present them to the Secretary WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS after the last day of the Fair.

EXTENSION OF THE FAIR

The Association reserves the right to extend the Fair to Monday if deemed advisable on account of rain or other causes.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS

Premiums will be paid by the Secretary and Treasurer as soon as possible after the Fair. Premiums will not be paid on any article not appearing in the premium book. Superintendents will be strictly instructed to adhere to this rule.